

言語類型と統語構造

Covert Expectation Structure in Chinese and Its Syntactic Influence:
on Verb-resultative Construction and Its Related Syntactic Phenomenon

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張黎(2012)《汉语意合语法研究—基于认知类型和语言逻辑的建构》は、中国語のシンタクスが「以意合法为主」であると主張した上で、さらに「意合」を可能にする認知基盤を紹介すると同時に、その心理的過程を操作可能にする記述体系を提示した。本発表は張黎(2012)に基づき、汉语語法の意図性をより詳細に検討するものです。

This paper, from the standpoint of typology and primarily through the comparison of Chinese and Japanese, examines the idea of “intentionality” and “covert expectation” in Chinese, defines the “expectational construction” in Chinese, and also proposes two grammatical categories named “do-status” and “become-status”. Moreover, the study demonstrates the crucial function of “covert expectation” in Chinese grammar by analyzing the verb-resultative construction and its related “mirror structure”, the resultative-cancellation construction, the imbalance found in potential expressions, and also the excess-resultative construction.

Key words: intentionality, covert expectation, expectational construction, do-status, become-status, verb-resultative construction

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